Table of Contents

01 Introduction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 P.4 Main Initiatives of Each Team and Task Force . Research, analysis, and dissemination of information, etc. related to COVID-19 conducted by the Tokyo iCDC
02 Overview of the Tokyo iCDC • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 P.6 D7 Establishment and Initiatives of the Infectious Disease Response Support Team · · P.103 Infectious disease response support team initiative to provide support for COVID-19 measures at care facilities for the elderly, etc. where clusters were identified
03 Launch of the Tokyo iCDC • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	U8 ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
04 Main Tokyo iCDC Initiatives (List) • • • • Main initiatives from 2020 to 2023 • Matters reported by the Tokyo iCDC at the TMC Monitoring Meeting (list)	09 Summary · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
05 (Reference) TMG Measures · · · · • Initiatives from the 1st to the 8th wave • Infection situation by country	• P.23 10 List of Links, Index • • • • • • • • P.117 -22-

Reference: Basic Stance of the Tokyo Metropolitan Government for COVID-19 Response

The fight against COVID-19, which could be called an unprecedented once-in-a-century crisis,

has been continuing for more than three years. During this long struggle, the Tokyo Metropolitan

Government (TMG) has taken measures based on the following stance.

○ In partnership with the national government, municipalities, public health centers, and medical institutions, <u>use Tokyo's full resources to curb the spread of infection</u> in order to **protect the invaluable lives and health of each and every resident of the city**.

○ Improve and strengthen safety nets by providing various forms of assistance to support city residents and businesses in their daily lives and business operations, which have been severely impacted by the pandemic.

○ In order to curb the spread of infection, take protective measures, such as restraining travel and

thoroughly taking basic steps to prevent infection, **proactive measures** through tools such as vaccinations and therapeutic drugs, and **preparedness measures** such as stockpiling necessary items including medical supplies and food, and providing information on how to see a doctor. Along with this, take measures **to achieve a balance with socioeconomic activities.**

Should new waves of infection occur due to factors such as the emergence of variants, Tokyo will overcome the situation <u>by leveraging our knowledge and experience to date and fully marshalling our</u> <u>resources to implement agile measures in accordance with the situation.</u> *Excerpt from the June 2, 2023 revision of the "Initiatives Taken by the

-23-

Tokyo Metropolitan Government for COVID-19 Response"

Reference: TMG Measures (Stages 1-3)

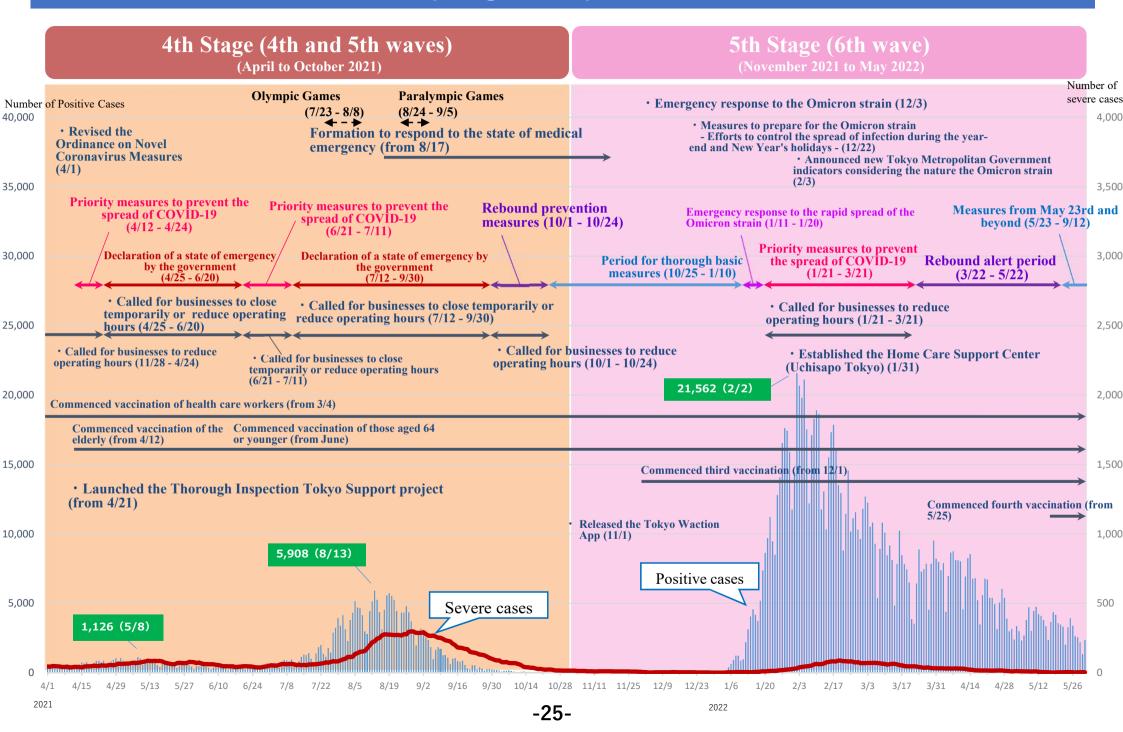
*Excerpt from the June 2, 2023 revision of the "Initiatives Taken by the Tokyo Metropolitan Government for COVID-19 Response"

	1st Stage (1st wave) (January to June 2020)	2nd Stage (2nd wave) (July to October 2020)	3rd Stage (3rd wave) (November 2020 to March 2021)	
Positive cases 40,000	 Held the Tokyo Metropolitan Crisis Management Council (1/24 - 1/29) Established the Tokyo Metropolitan Government Novel Coronavirus Infection Countermeasures Headquarters (1/30) 	• Announced preparations to establish the Tokyo equivalent of the CDC (7/6)	• Requested the declaration of a state of emergency in Tokyo and the three neighboring prefectures (1/2)	Severe cases 4,000
35,000 -	• Emergency measures numbers 1 (2/18) through 4 (4/15)	 Held first monitoring meeting (7/9) Launched full scale analysis based on new 	• Urged railroad operators and MLIT to move up last train service time (1/7)	3,500
	• Temporary school closure (3/2 - 5/31)	monitoring indicators Revised the Ordinance on Novel 	• Called for restraint from going outside and urged the national government to revise the Special	
30,000 -	Enactment of Ordinance on Novel Coronavirus Measures (4/7) Declaration of a state of emergency by the government (4/7 - 5/25)	Coronavirus Measures (8/1) • Revised Novel C	Measures law (1/15)the Ordinance on oronavirus MeasuresDeclaration of a state of emergency by the government (1/7 - 3/21)	3,000
25,000	Called for businesses to close temporarily or reduce operating hours (4/11 - 6/18)		• Called for businesses to reduce operating hours (11/28 - 4/24)	2,500
20,000 -	2/27 3/24 → STAY HOME week (4/25 - 5/6)	• Called for self restraint in travelin of the city or returning to hometown		2,000
1/	24 Tokyo Aler	launched (10/1	vaccinations (3/8) Vaccine team establishe Commenced vaccination	of
15,000 of infe		isures in preparation for sin (6/11) an	health care workers (fro Initiative to prepare for the nultaneous spread of COVID-19 d influenza (10/30) Established the Fever Consultation	m_3/4)
of infection in Tokyo 10,000	on of to · Launche of to delay firm ched ne	ed the Thorough Infection Prevention n Sticker (6/12) New monitoring categories	Leader program begu (3/22)	in 1,000
5,000	d case 2020 206 (4/17)	nnounced (6/30)	2,520 (1/7)	500
	Severe cases	472 (8/1)	Positive cases	
0 1/2	4 2/7 2/21 3/6 3/20 4/3 4/17 5/1 5/15 5/29 6/12 6/26	7/10 7/24 8/7 8/21 9/4 9/18 10/2 10/16 10/	аларындандарындарындарындарындарындарындар	0

-24-

Reference: TMG Measures (Stages 4-5)

*Excerpt from the June 2, 2023 revision of the "Initiatives Taken by the Tokyo Metropolitan Government for COVID-19 Response"



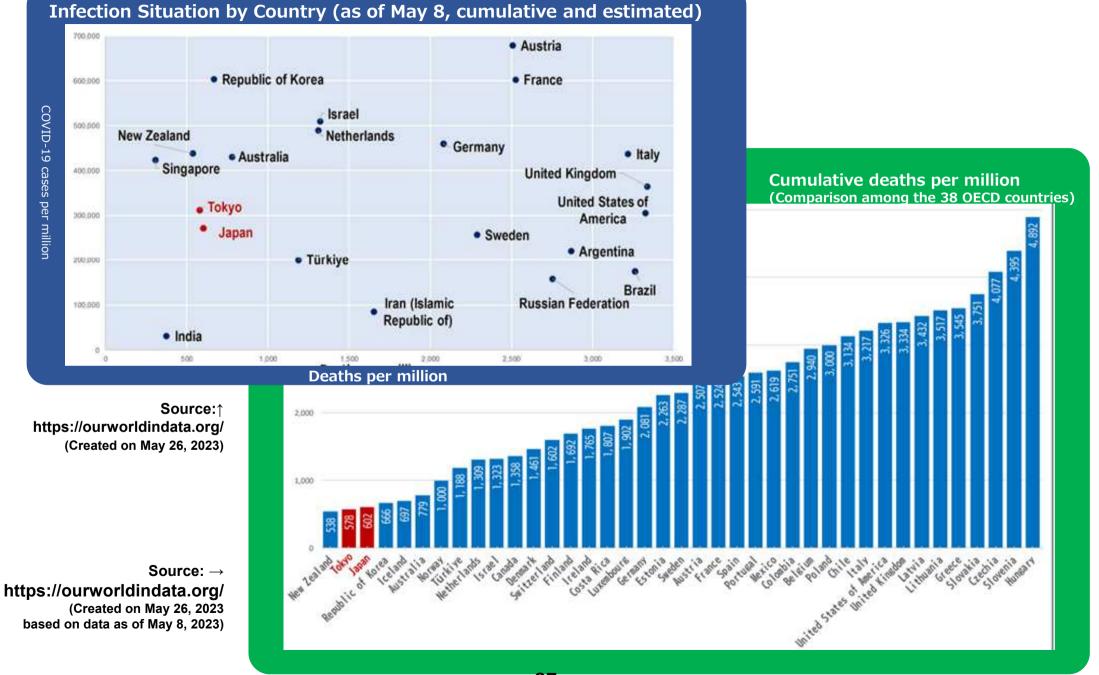
Reference: TMG Measures (Stages 6-7)

*Excerpt from the June 2, 2023 revision of the "Initiatives Taken by the Tokyo Metropolitan Government for COVID-19 Response"

6th Stage (7th wave) (June to September 2022)		7th Stage (8th wave) (October 2022 to May 2023)	
Positive C	Cases 40,395 (7/28) • Established the Tokyo		Severe cases
40,000	Metropolitan Positive Infections Registration Center (8/3) • Assigned head of Tokyo iCDC (7/1)	• Review of restr on holding of events	
35,000	repor	Review of policy for • TMG policy rting all cases (9/26) • change in statu	for response to the is (1/31)
30,000	23rd and beyond of infection (7/15) COVID-19	licy for coexistence with (9/13) • Basic policy on the spread of infection this winter (12/1) es to prevent the spread of infection (9/13-5/7)	Decision to terminate requests for cooperation from residents and businesses and the Tokyo Novel Coronavirus Response Headquarters (4/28)
25,000	agair	menced vaccination ast the Omicron strain n 9/20) 22,063 (12/27)	2,5
20,000		1/27 infectas:	4/27 4/28 5/5 ^{2,0} ♀ ♀ ☆ ♀ ☆ ♀ ≶
15,000	Positive cases	apan decides polic; eclassification to a nfectious disease	WHO declares the end of the global COVID-19 health emergency Japan abolishes the Government Countermeasures Headquarters Japan officially decides to downgra COVID-19 to a Class 5 infectious disease
10,000		Class 5	ares the end of the glo health emergency asures Headquarters cially decides to down to a Class 5 infectious
5,000		Severe cases	ctious 500
0	/1 6/15 6/29 7/13 7/27 8/10 8/24 9/7 9/21	10/5 10/19 11/2 11/16 11/30 12/14 12/28 1/11 1/25 2/8 2/2	22 3/8 3/22 4/5 4/19 5/3
203	22	-26-	

Reference: Infection Situation by Country

*Excerpt from the June 2, 2023 revision of the "Initiatives Taken by the Tokyo Metropolitan Government for COVID-19 Response"



-27-