

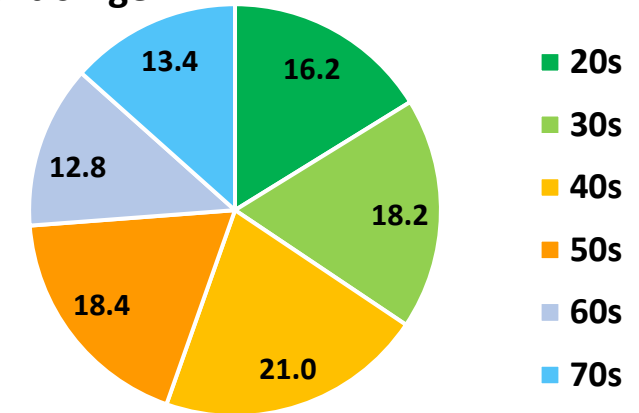
Results of the Tokyo-iCDC Risk Communication Team's Survey on Residents

Separate Document

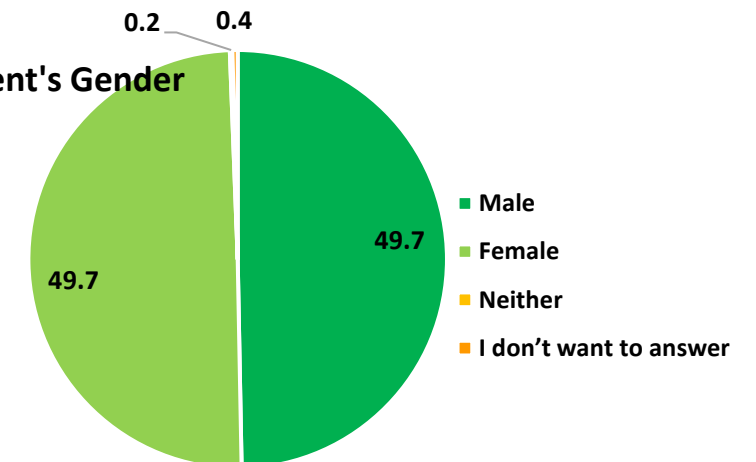
November 5, 2021

- **Survey Method:** Internet survey
- **Target Audience:** Men and women residing in Tokyo from their 20s to 70s
- **Sampling method and sample size:**
Quota sampling based on gender and age composition proportional to the population ratio of Tokyo.
1,000 samples.
- **Survey period:** 18:24 on October 21 to 18:15 on October 22, 2021
- **Survey items:**
 - ✓ Current infection prevention measures
 - ✓ Intent to get vaccinated
 - ✓ "Not getting vaccinated" "Don't know" → The reasons
 - ✓ Awareness about COVID-19 infection and countermeasures
(Anxiety about resurgence, intention to get third vaccination, etc.)

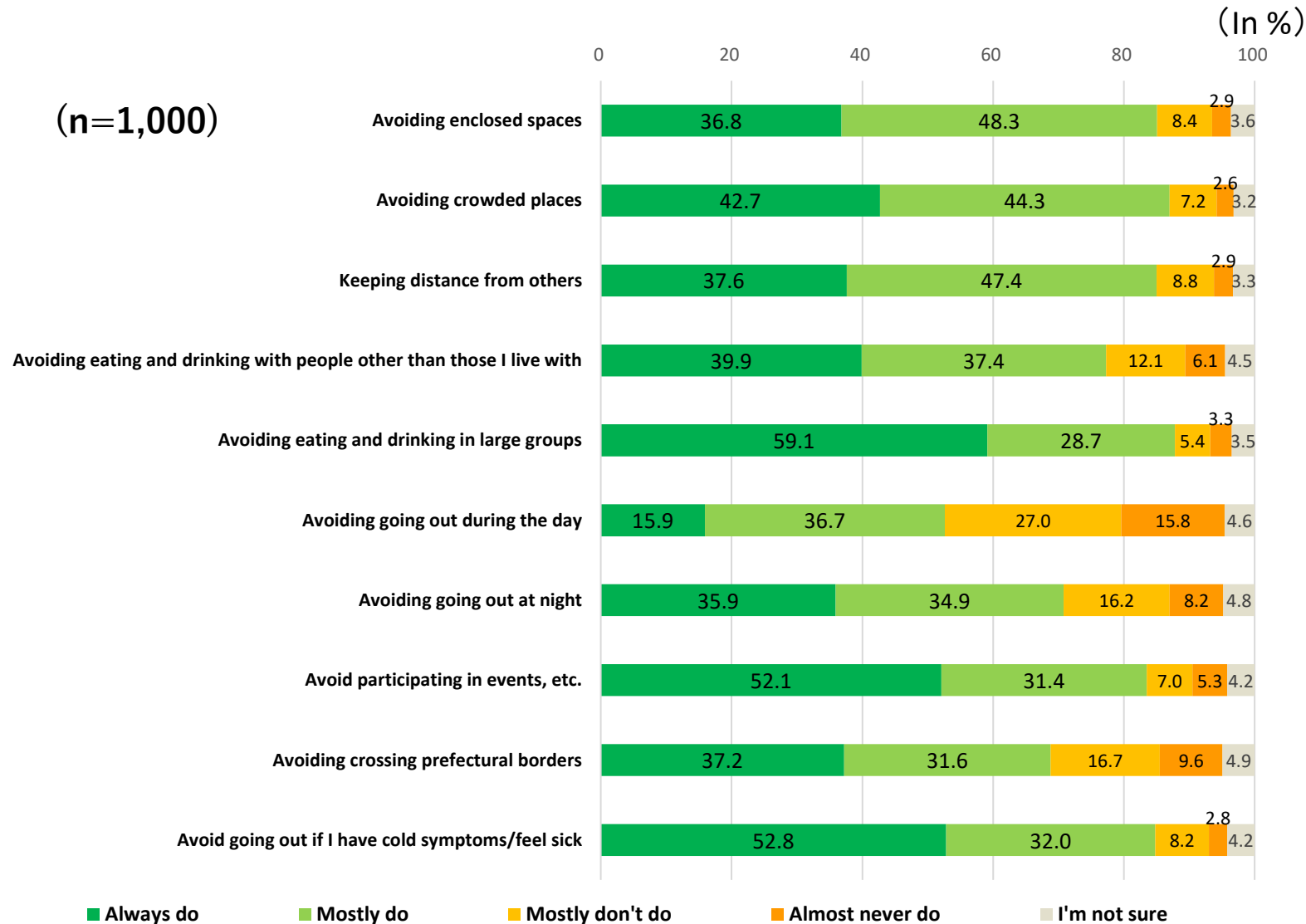
Respondent's Age



Respondent's Gender



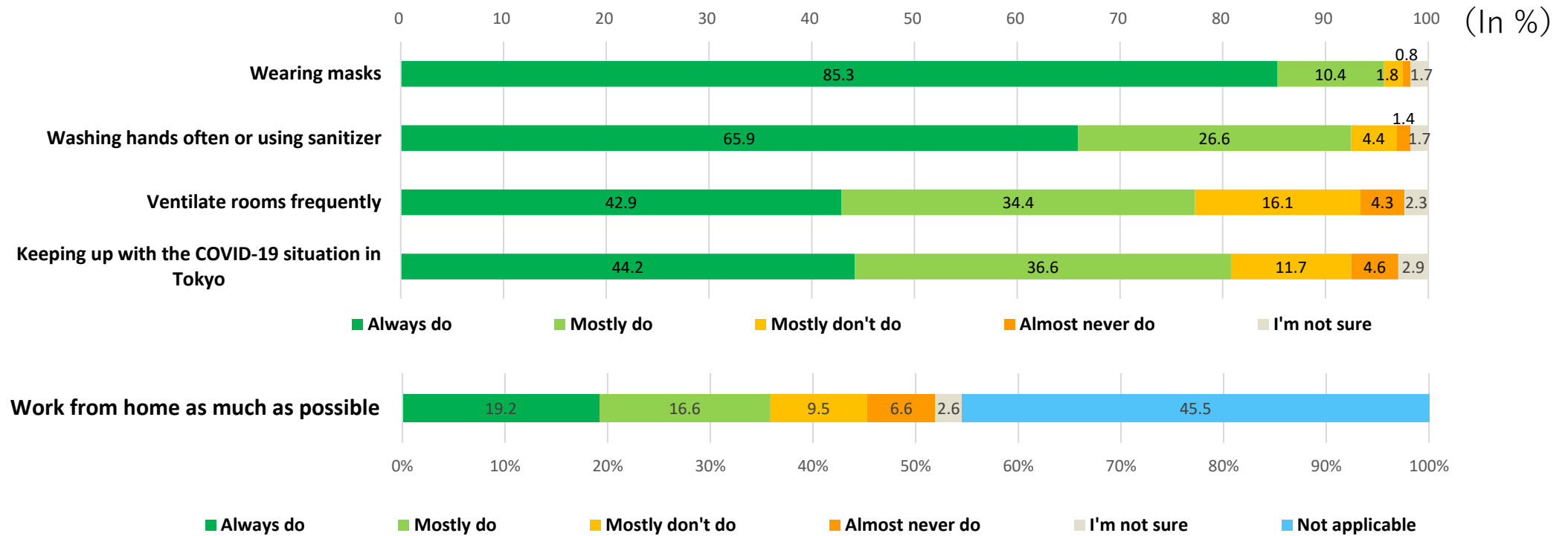
Q1 Please select the COVID-19 countermeasures you are currently using.



- ◆ For items such as "avoiding crowded places," "avoiding eating and drinking in large groups," "avoiding participating in events," and "avoiding going out when feeling sick," over 80% of respondents have answered that they are "always" or "mostly" careful. A survey was also conducted in July, and the percentage of respondents being careful about these items remains about the same as it was then.
- ◆ For "avoiding going out during the day," "avoiding going out at night," and "avoiding crossing prefectural borders," the percentage being careful was between 50% and 70%. Compared to the July survey, there has been a slight decrease of about 5-10%.
- ◆ These results show that even after the state of emergency has been lifted, **many residents continue to follow infection prevention measures overall.**

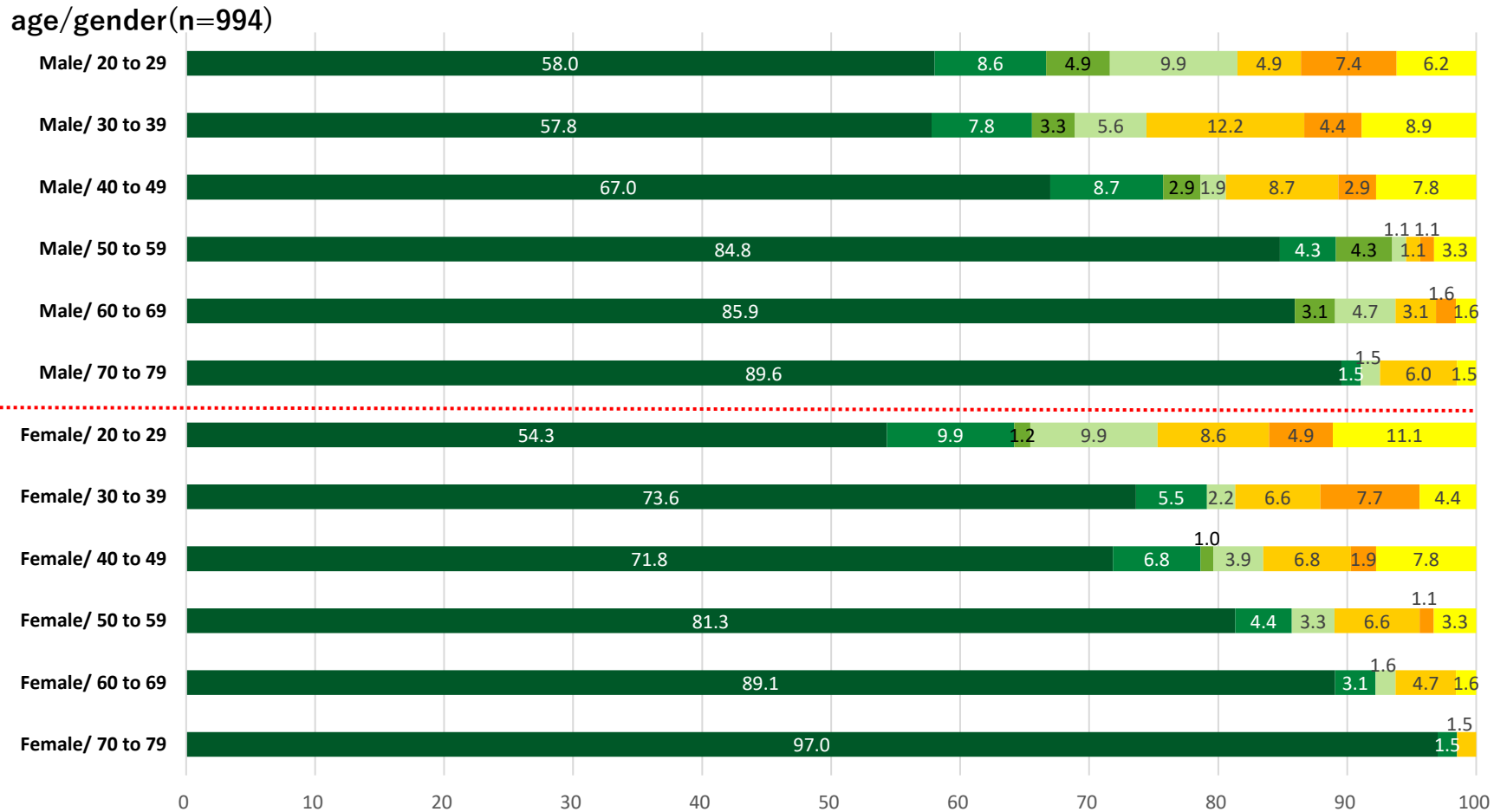
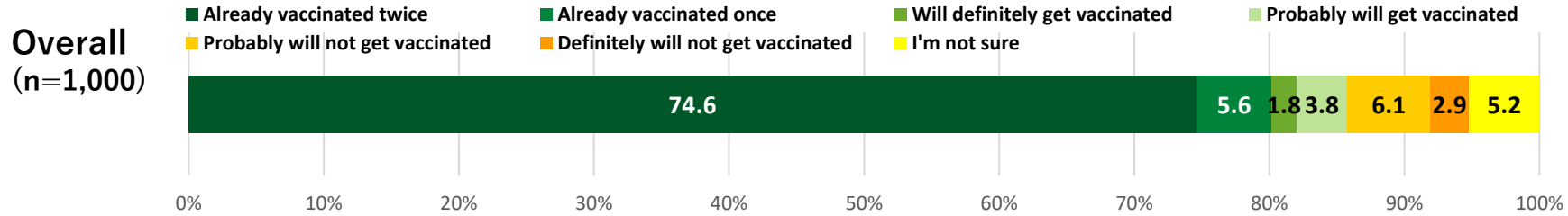
Q1 Please select the COVID-19 countermeasures you are currently using.

(n=1,000)



- ◆ Over 90% of respondents reported being "always" or "mostly" careful with mask-wearing and hand hygiene, while nearly 80% said the same for frequent ventilation. These percentages are about the same as those from the July survey, **indicating that many people continue to follow these basic infection prevention measures.**
- ◆ Regarding telework, among those applicable (excluding those who "do not apply" because they are in jobs where telework is not possible or are currently not working), about 35% say they "always," do it. Including those who answered "mostly," the total comes to about 60%. These values are almost the same as those from the July survey.

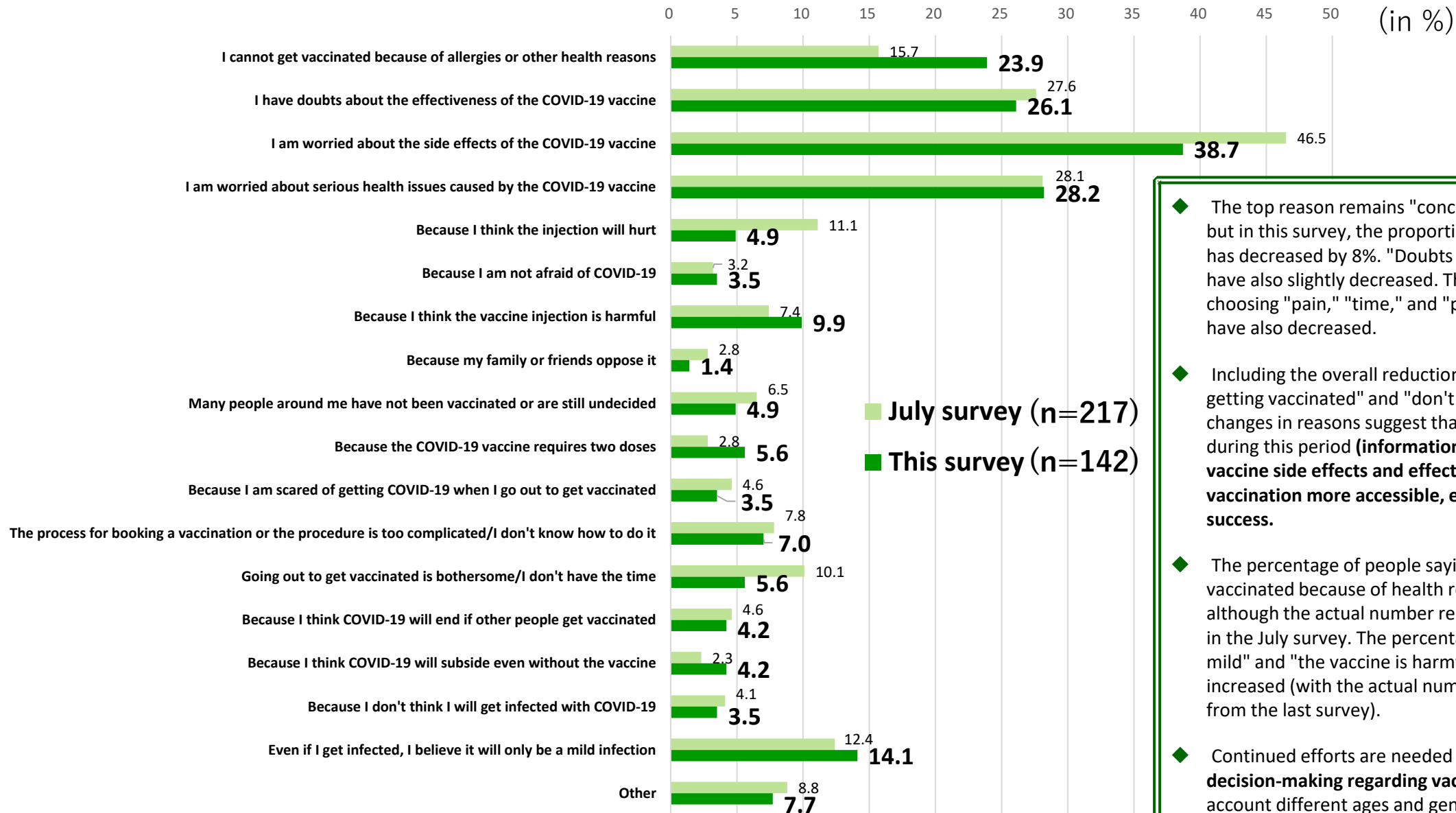
Q2 Do you plan to get vaccinated against COVID-19? Please select the option that applies.



- ◆ Overall, compared to the July survey, the total of responses indicating experience with vaccination and willingness to get vaccinated has increased (78.3% in July → 85.8% now), and the total of "not getting vaccinated" and "don't know" has decreased (from 21.7% → 14.2%).
- ◆ Vaccination has progressed across all age groups, as has the willingness to get vaccinated has increased. In the 20s and 30s age groups, the decrease in "don't know" and "probably will not/definitely will not get vaccinated" since July is particularly significant.
- ◆ In the 50s, 60s, and 70s age groups, nearly 90% or more of both men and women have either been vaccinated or are willing to be vaccinated

Q2a COVID-19 vaccine: "not getting vaccinated" and "don't know" → Why?(All generations)

(Select all that apply)

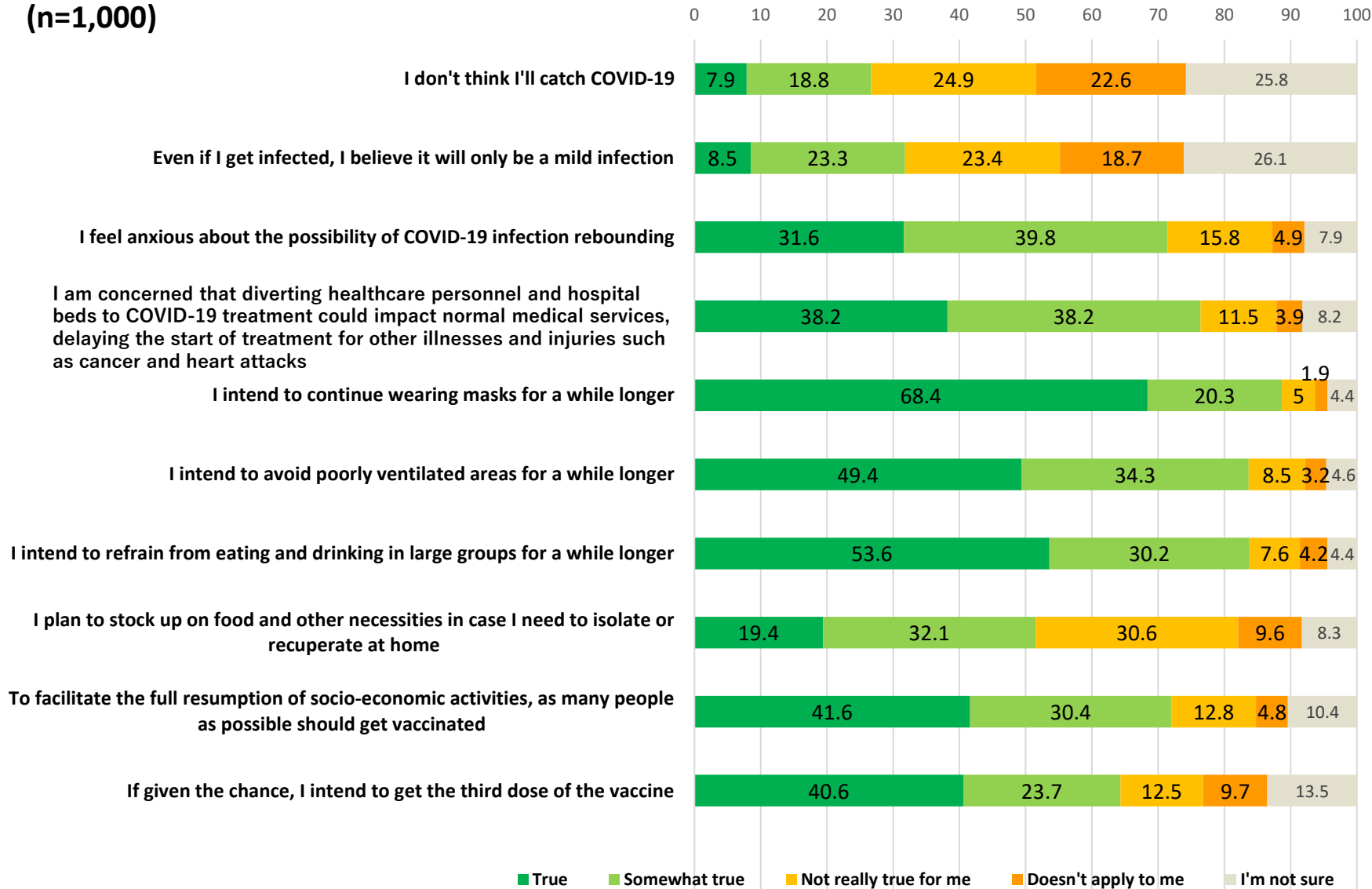


- ◆ The top reason remains "concern about side effects," but in this survey, the proportion selecting this reason has decreased by 8%. "Doubts about the effectiveness" have also slightly decreased. The percentages of those choosing "pain," "time," and "procedures" as reasons have also decreased.
- ◆ Including the overall reduction in the number of "not getting vaccinated" and "don't know" responses, these changes in reasons suggest that various efforts made during this period (**information dissemination about vaccine side effects and effectiveness, making the vaccination more accessible, etc.**) have had some success.
- ◆ The percentage of people saying "cannot get vaccinated because of health reasons" has increased, although the actual number remains about the same as in the July survey. The percentages of "it will only be mild" and "the vaccine is harmful" have slightly increased (with the actual numbers slightly decreasing from the last survey).
- ◆ Continued efforts are needed to **enhance support for decision-making regarding vaccination**, taking into account different ages and genders

Q3 Please select one item that applies to your feelings regarding COVID-19.

(n=1,000)

(in %)



- ◆ The responses indicating "I won't get infected" and "It will only be mild" account for around 30%.
- ◆ Over 70% of people **feel anxious about a resurgence and are concerned about the impact on regular medical services.**
- ◆ **The proportion of respondents who plan to continue wearing masks, ensuring ventilation, and refraining from drinking/dining in large groups for a while longer ranges from 80% to nearly 90%.** This shows that many residents plan to continue basic infection prevention measures moving forward.
- ◆ Regarding vaccines, 70% of respondents believe that others should also get vaccinated to facilitate the resumption of socio-economic activities. Furthermore, **about 60% are willing to receive their third dose, with the intention to vaccinate increasing with age**

Q3 Please select one item that applies to your feelings regarding COVID-19.

Relationship between age/gender and “If given the chance, I intend to get the third dose of the vaccine”

